Schooling and childcare



SCHOOLING IN FRANCE

The education system in France is organised in 4 main levels - nursery school, elementary school, secondary school ("collège & lycée") and higher education. The French school system includes three types of schools:

Public / State institutions run by the government

Public/state schools are entirely free. The French education system has been based on the principle of secularism since the 19th century. Education is compulsory from the ages of 3 to 16.

For more information on the key principles of the French education system, **<u>click here</u>**.

– PLEASE NOTE –

The family's place of residence determines the public institution in which the student will attend school. It is possible to apply for a special dispensation under certain conditions. It is advisable to take these steps as early as possible.

• Public/State schools under contract and subject to government control

• Private non-contractual schools, subject to inspection by the government

Within the private schooling system, there are a variety of schools – for example, faith-based, bilingual, international, offering alternative teaching methods (Montessori or others).

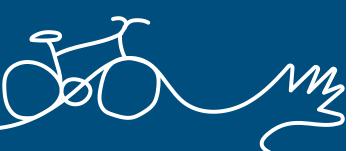
To find out about all the educational institutions in your region, *département* or town, go to:

https://www.education.gouv.fr/annuaire

THE SCHOOL YEAR

The school year beginning in September and finishes at the end of June/start of July. A standard school week runs Monday through Friday from 8.30 am to 11.30 am and from 1.30 pm to 4.30 pm. In some schools, children may attend school on Wednesday mornings. Outside school hours, childcare facilities are provided: morning and evening care, canteens (for lunch) and supervised study (after classes in primary schools).

There are 5 periods of holiday in the year. Metropolitan France is divided into 3 zones - A, B and C - which group together the different educational regions. The **calendar of the current school year** will give you the precise breakdown of the holiday periods.



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EDUCATION FOR NON-FRENCH SPEAKING CHILDREN

In order to provide the best possible welcome for children who do not speak French (known as 'allophones'), <u>educational units for newcomer</u> <u>allophone pupils</u> (UPE2A) have been set up. Through these units, pupils can be enrolled in a class corresponding to their age and level, while benefiting from additional teaching in French depending on their needs.

The child's level of proficiency in French is assessed upon arrival in order to organise a coaching programme.

Upon arrival

ENROLLING YOUR CHILD IN SCHOOL

To receive support regarding the enrollment of your child in school, you can contact the **CASNAV in your département.**

Look at the public service pages for more information about enrolling **non-French speaking children in a nursery, primary or secondary school or at a college.**

CHILDCARE OPTIONS

If your child is too young to go to school, there are different options for children aged 2 months to 3 years.

To find a childcare facility, contact your town hall or check the **<u>dedicated site of the Caisse d'Allocations</u> <u>Familiales.</u>**

• Community childcare: public crèche, the microcrèche or the parental crèche

The cost of public crèches is calculated according to your income. Ask for information about fees when you register your child.

Kindergartens

Kindergartens welcome children aged two to six. They are somewhere in between a crèche and a nursery school.

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A childminder or home-based childminder

Childminders have a professional qualification and look after children (a maximum of 4 children) in their own home or in 'childminder centres' (Maison d'assistantes maternelles - MAM).

For further information on home-based childcare and recruiting a professional, go to pajemploi.urssaf.fr

EXTRA-CURRICULAR AND LEISURE ACTIVITIES FOR CHILDREN

• The leisure centre: for children and teenagers

The leisure centre welcomes children during extracurricular periods (school holidays or a full day without school except at weekends) and school periods (morning or evening childcare before or after classes).

Specialist childcare staff offer leisure activities such as arts and crafts, indoor and outdoor games, cultural and sports activities, etc.

Contact your town hall to enrol your child at a leisure centre. A financial contribution will be requested. It is calculated according to the family income.

For further information on leisure centres, click here.

Terminology

CASNAV: Academic centres for the education of newly arrived non-French speaking children and children from itinerant and travelling families